Learner Development & Well Being

1.1 - KNOWLEDGE

COMPETENCY	MEASURABLE OUTCOME	ASSESSMENT TYPE	IDENTIFIABLE TASKS
Level 1 – 1.1.1: Teachers understand how learners construct knowledge, acquire and embody skills, develop disciplined thinking processes and somatic awareness.	 Understand stages of psychomotor development Understand stages of psychosocial development Understand stages of personality development 	<u>Direct</u> (summative or formative) - quiz, test, assignment	 Educator can assess student readiness and preparation for academic material Educator will design learning objectives appropriate for stage of education (ex: beginner, intermediate, advanced)
1.1.2: Teachers understand how each learner's personal development (i.e., physical, cognitive, emotional, spiritual and social development) affects their readiness for learning and academic performance.	 Understand various models of adult education Understand stages of psychosocial development Understand stages of personality development 	<u>Direct</u> (summative or formative) - quiz, test, assignment	 Educator can list Knowle's qualities of an adult learner and/or qualities of learners described in other models of adult education Educator can describe Bloom's taxonomy of higher learning
1.1.3: Teachers of hands-on courses understand the importance of and strategies for ergonomics and proper body mechanics.	Understand and explain principles of ergonomics of body mechanics, including angle, force and load	<u>Direct</u> (summative or formative) - demonstration, test, quiz, assignment	 Educator can demonstrate proper body mechanics for performance of a full body Swedish massage Educator can demonstrate incorrect body mechanics to illustrate proper and improper ergonomics Explain the importance of proper body mechanics
1.1.4: Teachers are aware of resources that enhance learners' study skills.	Identify institutional resources to enhance student learning	* <u>Direct (summative or formative)</u> - demonstration, assignment	Educator will provide appropriate resources to learner on how to improve study skills
Level 2 – 1.1.5: Teachers know how to make instructional decisions that build upon learners' strengths and needs, based on each learner's physical, cognitive, emotional, spiritual and social development.	 Understand various models of adult education Understand stages of psychosocial development Understand stages of personality development Understand how to design instruction for each level of Bloom's taxonomy 	<u>Direct</u> (summative or formative) - demonstration, assignment	Educator will design learning objectives, lesson plans and assessment tools appropriate for learner stage of development

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1.2 - SKILLS

COMPETENCY	MEASURABLE OUTCOME	ASSESSMENT TYPE	IDENTIFIABLE TASKS
Level 1 – 1.2.1: Teachers know how to use instructional strategies that promote student learning.	 Identify and describe various instructional approaches suitable for use in adult education Identify and describe different types of learning styles 	<u>Direct</u> (summative or formative) - demonstration, quiz, test, assignment	 Educator can demonstrate multiple approaches to instruction applicable for students with different learning styles Educator will prepare course objectives, lesson plans and sample assessment tool
1.2.2: Teachers identify readiness for learning, utilizing the information on how development in any one area may affect performance in others.	 Identify methods for assessment of learner knowledge and aptitude Describe assessment process of learner knowledge and aptitude 	 <u>Direct</u> (summative or formative) – assignment, demonstration, <u>Indirect</u> – survey, self-evaluation, case study 	Educator can accurately determine learner's understanding of subject matter and key course objectives
1.2.3: Teachers regularly assess individual and group performance in order to design and modify instruction to meet learners' needs and set the stage for the next level of learning.	 Identify methods for assessment of learner performance Describe assessment process of learner performance Outline process of lesson plan modification 	 <u>Direct</u> (summative or formative) – assignment, demonstration, test <u>Indirect</u> – survey, self-evaluation, case study 	 Educator can demonstrate multiple approaches to instruction applicable for students with different learning styles Educator will prepare course objectives, lesson plans and sample assessment tool
1.2.4: Teachers of hands-on courses present strategies for ergonomics and proper body mechanics to prepare learners to utilize optimal principles of movement and alignment in the practice of massage therapy.	Understand and explain principles of ergonomics of body mechanics, including angle, force and load	<u>Direct</u> (summative or formative) – demonstration, quiz, test, assignment	 Educator can demonstrate proper body mechanics for performance of a full body Swedish massage Educator can demonstrate incorrect body mechanics to illustrate proper and improper ergonomics
1.2.5: Teachers instruct in a manner that supports learners' self-responsibility and awareness of the body-centered and emotional nature of their learning.	 Identify instructional strategies that promote active learning in the education process Utilize methods to increase learners' awareness of somatic and emotional responses in the classroom 	 <u>Direct</u> (summative or formative) – demonstration <u>Indirect</u> – survey, self-evaluation, case study 	 Educator can communicate verbally and in writing course requirements and student responsibilities for successful course completion Educator can communicate about the relationship between mind, emotion and body structure

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1.2 - SKILLS

COMPETENCY	MEASURABLE OUTCOME	ASSESSMENT TYPE	IDENTIFIABLE TASKS
1.2.6: Teachers monitor how learners are responding to the physical and emotional demands that are placed on them by the training program, instruct learners in selfcare protocols, and refer them to appropriate administration, professionals or other resources as needed.	 Understand the role stress plays in the learning environment Identify and describe tools for self-care Identify appropriate resources for learners' self-care and personal support 	 <u>Direct</u> (summative or formative) – demonstration, assignment, test <u>Indirect</u> – survey, self-evaluation, case study 	 Educator can effectively track learners' responses and behaviors to stress Educator will communicate appropriate resources for learners' self-care and personal support
1.2.7: Teachers work collaboratively with learners and administration to identify and implement new strategies to overcome obstacles to learning.	 Utilize administrative support to manage learners' academic progress and improve performance when needed Utilize learner input to improve academic progress and performance 	 <u>Direct</u> (summative or formative) – demonstration, assignment, test <u>Indirect</u> – survey, self-evaluation, case study 	 Educator will meet with learner and administrative staff to create an improvement plan for academic progress and performance Educator will document improvement plan and monitor accordingly
Level 2 – 1.2.8: Teachers create developmentally appropriate instruction that take into account individual learners' strengths, interests and needs, and that enables each learner to advance his or her learning.	 Understand stages of psychosocial and personality development Understand how to create a lesson plan that includes accommodations for advanced and/or remedial learner progress 	 <u>Direct</u> (summative or formative) – demonstration, assignment, test <u>Indirect</u> – survey, self-evaluation, case study 	 Educator can assess leaners' strengths and challenges with course information Educator will create a lesson plan to include options for advanced and/or remedial learner progress
1.2.9: Teachers effectively engage with learners to help them recognize their feelings and reactions.	 Understand principles of effective communication Utilize tools for effective interpersonal communication with learners 	 <u>Direct</u> (summative or formative) – demonstration <u>Indirect</u> – survey, self-evaluation, case study 	 Educator will conduct learner self- evaluations Educator will demonstrate effective interpersonal communication skills with learners
1.2.10: Teachers develop strategies to help learners work through feelings as they focus on clients' needs.	 Understand transference and countertransference Utilize tools for learner self-care	 <u>Direct</u> (summative or formative) – demonstration <u>Indirect</u> – survey, self-evaluation, case study 	Educator will provide tools for learners' exploration of feelings and emotions while remaining client-centered

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1.3 - ATTITUDES

COMPETENCY	MEASURABLE OUTCOME	ASSESSMENT TYPE	IDENTIFIABLE TASKS
Level 1 - 1.3.1: Teachers respect learners' differing strengths, needs and areas of challenge.	 Understand qualities of multi- generational learners Understand qualities of effective leadership 	<u>Indirect</u> - survey, self-evaluation, case study	Educator will assess and respond to learners' diverse needs
1.3.2: Teachers support learners' self-responsibility in their process of growth and development.	 Understand qualities of multigenerational learners Understand qualities of effective leadership Understand stages of psychosocial and personality development 	<u>Indirect</u> - survey, self-evaluation, case study	 Educator will assess and respond to learners' diverse needs Educator will provide appropriate resources to learner
1.3.3: Teachers value the input and contributions of colleagues and other professionals in supporting each learner's process of growth and development.	Utilize input from professional and inter-professional community of complementary and alternative medical providers and educators	<u>Indirect</u> - survey, self-evaluation, case study	 Educator will gather data and input from a variety of professional and inter- professional sources Educator will participate in professional and inter-professional development activities
1.3.4: Teachers value the input and contributions of learners' personal support systems in their process of growth and development when designing instruction.	 Understand pyschosocial needs of multi-generational learners Understand principles of multicultural diversity 	 <u>Direct</u> (summative or formative) – demonstration, assignment, test <u>Indirect</u> – survey, self-evaluation, case study 	 Educator will gather and analyze feedback from learners' support systems Educators will demonstrate awareness of multicultural sensitivity
1.3.5: Teachers are respectful of the body- centered and emotional nature of somatic- based education.	 Understand principles of somatic psychology Understand principles of experiential- based learning 	<u>Direct</u> (summative or formative) – demonstration, assignment, test <u>Indirect</u> – survey, self-evaluation, case study	 Educator will assess and respond to learners' diverse needs Educator will provide appropriate resources to learner
Level 2: 1.3.6: Teachers recognize learners' emotional challenges.	 Understand principles of abnormal psychology Recognize signs of behavioral disturbances and/or mental illness 	 <u>Direct</u> (summative or formative) – demonstration, assignment, test <u>Indirect</u> – survey, self-evaluation, case study 	 Educator will assess and respond to learners' diverse needs Educator will provide appropriate resources to learner